

Symptoms Of Hiatus Hernia

== Classification == b89ed521a0 == Signs and symptoms == b89ed521a0

Congenital diaphragmatic hernia Congenital diaphragmatic hernia (CDH) is a rare birth defect that occurs when incomplete formation of the diaphragm allows abdominal organs to protrude Congenital diaphragmatic hernia (CDH) is a rare birth defect that occurs when incomplete formation of the diaphragm allows abdominal organs to protrude into the chest. The cause of the defect is generally unknown. This herniation of abdominal organs compresses developing lung tissue and impairs lung development, typically causing respiratory distress shortly after birth. CDH occurs at a frequency of 2-3 cases per 10,000 births. Treatment of CDH begins with cardiorespiratory stabilization, followed by surgical repair of the diaphragmatic defect. Most defects occur in the posterolateral portion of the diaphragm and are known as Bochdalek hernias. The severity of CDH ranges from mild to life-threatening and is

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closely related to the degree of pulmonary hypoplasia and pulmonary hypertension
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Morgagni's hernia b89ed521a0 Congenital diaphragmatic hernias can be classified by the location of the defect. b89ed521a0 == Types == b89ed521a0 Hiatal hernia b89ed521a0 == Types of Hiatal Hernias == b89ed521a0

Inguinal hernia Symptoms, which may include pain or discomfort, especially with or following coughing, exercise, or bowel movements, are absent in about a third of patients. This usually produces severe pain and tenderness in the area. The main concern is strangulation, where the blood supply to part of the intestine is blocked. An inguinal hernia or groin hernia is a hernia (protrusion) of abdominal cavity contents through the inguinal canal. Symptoms, which may include pain An inguinal hernia or groin hernia is a hernia (protrusion) of abdominal cavity contents through the inguinal canal. Inguinal hernias occur more often on the right than the left side. A bulging area may occur that becomes larger when bearing down. Symptoms often get worse throughout the day and improve when lying down b89ed521a0

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Umbilical hernia It may cause the navel to bulge outwards—the bulge consisting of abdominal fat from the greater omentum or occasionally parts of the small intestine. The bulge can often be pressed back through the hole in the abdominal wall, and may "pop out" when coughing or otherwise acting to increase intra-abdominal pressure. hernia is a health condition where the abdominal wall behind the navel is damaged

Bochdalek hernia Various types of hernias can occur, most commonly involving the abdomen, and specifically the groin. Groin hernias are most commonly inguinal hernias but may also be femoral hernias. Other types of hernias include hiatus, incisional, and umbilical hernias. Symptoms are present in about 66% of people with groin hernias. This may include pain or discomfort in the lower abdomen, especially with coughing, exercise, or urinating or defecating. Often, it gets worse throughout the day and improves when lying down. A bulge may appear at the site of hernia, that becomes larger when bending down. == Etiology ==

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b89ed521a0 A Bochdalek hernia, also known as a posterolateral diaphragmatic hernia, is the most common form of CDH, accounting for more than 95% of cases. It is characterized by an opening in the posterolateral corner of the diaphragm which allows passage of the abdominal viscera into the chest cavity. The majority...
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Spigelian hernia A Spigelian hernia is the type of ventral hernia that occurs through the Spigelian fascia, which is the part of the aponeurosis of the transverse abdominal muscle. A Spigelian hernia is the type of ventral hernia that occurs through the Spigelian fascia, which is the part of the aponeurosis of the transverse abdominal muscle bounded by the linea semilunaris (or Spigelian line) laterally and the lateral edge of the rectus abdominis muscle medially b89ed521a0

Risk factors for the development of a hernia include: smoking, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, obesity, pregnancy, peritoneal dialysis, collagen vascular disease, and previous open appendectomy, among others. Predisposition to hernias is genetic and they occur more often in certain families. Deleterious mutations causing predisposition to hernias seem to have dominant inheritance (especially for men). It is

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unclear if inguinal hernias are associated with heavy lifting. Hernias can often be diagnosed based on signs and symptoms. Occasionally, medical imaging... b89ed521a0 Groin hernias occur more often on the right than left side. The main concern is bowel strangulation, where the blood supply to part of the bowel is blocked. This usually produces severe pain and tenderness... b89ed521a0 There are two types of hiatal hernias. The two different types of hiatal hernias that are relevant to this surgery are rolling hiatal hernias and sliding hiatal hernias. A type II, rolling hiatal hernia, is when the gastric fundus is herniated, but the cardia portion of the stomach remains still. A type 1, or sliding hiatal hernia, is when the gastroesophageal junction and the cardia portion of the stomach move through the posterior mediastinum. b89ed521a0

Hernia : hernias or herniae, from Latin, meaning 'rupture') is the abnormal exit of tissue or an organ, such as the bowel, through the wall of the cavity in which it normally resides. Symptoms are present in about 66% of people with groin hernias. femoral hernias. Other types of hernias include hiatus, incisional, and umbilical hernias. The term is also used for the normal development of the intestinal tract, referring to the retraction of the intestine from the extra-embryonal navel coelom into

the abdomen in the healthy embryo at about 7 1/2 weeks. This A hernia (pl
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Laparoscopic hiatal hernia repair hiatal hernia, is when the gastroesophageal junction and the cardia portion of the stomach move through the posterior mediastinum. Continuous symptoms after Laparoscopic hernia repair is the repair of a hiatal hernia using a laparoscope, which is a tiny telescope-like instrument. Among them are the Nissen Fundoplication and the general laparoscopic hernia repair. There are several different methods that can be used when performing this procedure. A hiatal hernia is the protrusion of an organ through its wall or cavity b89ed521a0

== Definitions == b89ed521a0 Spigelian hernias are rare compared to other types of hernias because they do not develop under abdominal layers of fat but between fascia tissue that connects to muscle. The Spigelian hernia is generally smaller in diameter, typically measuring 1-2 cm., and the risk of tissue becoming strangulated is high. b89ed521a0 The most common risk factors are obesity and older age. Other risk factors include major trauma, scoliosis, and certain types of surgery. There are two main types: sliding hernia, in which the body of the stomach moves up; and

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paraesophageal hernia, in which an abdominal organ moves beside the esophagus. The diagnosis may be confirmed with endoscopy or medical imaging. Endoscopy is typically only required when concerning symptoms are present, symptoms are resistant to treatment, or the person is over 50 years of age. b89ed521a0 A hernia is present at the site of the umbilicus (commonly called a navel or belly button) in newborns; although sometimes quite large, these hernias tend to resolve without any treatment by around the age of 2–3 years. Obstruction and strangulation of the hernia is rare because the underlying defect in the abdominal wall is larger than in an inguinal hernia of the newborn. The size of the base of the herniated tissue is inversely correlated with risk of strangulation (i.e., a narrow base is more likely to strangulate). b89ed521a0 It is the protuberance of omentum, adipose tissue, or bowel in that weak space between the abdominal wall muscles, that ultimately pushes the intestines or superficial fatty tissue through a hole causing a defect. As a result, it creates the movement of an organ or a loop of intestine in the weakened body space that it is not supposed to be in. It is at this separation (aponeurosis) in the ventral abdominal region, that herniation most commonly occurs. b89ed521a0 Babies are prone to this malformation because of the process during fetal development by which the abdominal organs form outside the abdominal... b89ed521a0 Traumatic

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diaphragmatic hernia b89ed521a0 Due to differences in width and inclination of the female pelvis and the larger diameter of the female obturator foramen compared to male anatomy, this hernia is more common in women, especially multiparous and older females who are severely underweight for their age and height. The female obturator foramen has been shown to have a triangular opening, while for males it is more oval-like. Childbirth has also been shown to cause multiple structural changes to the muscle, thereby increasing the risk of hernias forming with multiple childbirth. People with lean body builds are also more likely to develop an obturator hernia due to having less adipose and lymphatic tissue surrounding the obturator canal. Nerves and blood vessels that pass through the obturator canal... b89ed521a0 A femoral hernia may be either reducible or irreducible, and... b89ed521a0

Obturator hernia 07-1% of all hernias, of the pelvic floor in which pelvic or abdominal contents protrudes through the obturator foramen. The canal is typically 2-3 centimeters long and 1 centimeters wide, creating a space for pouches of pre-peritoneal fat. obturator hernias are difficult to diagnose due to many other possibilities, non-specific symptoms of pain, as well as minimal external signs/symptoms that An obturator hernia is a rare type of hernia, encompassing 0.

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The obturator foramen is formed by a branch of the ischial (lower and back hip bone) as well as the pubic bone b89ed521a0

Femoral hernia While femoral hernias can occur in both males and Femoral hernias are hernias which occur just below the inguinal ligament, when abdominal contents pass through a naturally occurring weakness in the abdominal wall called the femoral canal. While femoral hernias can occur in both males and females, almost all develop in women due to the increased width of the female pelvis. Femoral hernias are a relatively uncommon type, accounting for only 3% of all hernias. Seventy percent of pediatric cases of femoral hernias occur in infants under the age of one. Those that do occur in children are more likely to be associated with a connective tissue disorder or with conditions that increase intra-abdominal pressure. Femoral hernias are more common in adults than in children. Femoral hernias are a relatively uncommon type, accounting for only 3% of all hernias. the femoral canal b89ed521a0

Iatrogenic diaphragmatic hernia b89ed521a0

Hiatal hernia Complications may include iron deficiency anemia, volvulus, or bowel

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obstruction. This may result in gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) or laryngopharyngeal reflux (LPR) with symptoms such as a taste of acid in the back of the mouth or heartburn. A hiatal hernia or hiatus hernia is a type of hernia in which abdominal organs (typically the stomach) slip through the diaphragm into the middle compartment. A hiatal hernia or hiatus hernia is a type of hernia in which abdominal organs (typically the stomach) slip through the diaphragm into the middle compartment of the chest. Other symptoms may include trouble swallowing and chest pains.

Diaphragmatic hernia
Congenital diaphragmatic hernia
Morgagni's hernia
Bochdalek hernia
Hiatal hernia
Iatrogenic diaphragmatic hernia
Traumatic diaphragmatic hernia
A scaphoid abdomen
Diaphragmatic hernia is a defect or hole in the diaphragm that allows the abdominal contents to move into the chest cavity. Treatment is usually surgical.

Congenital diaphragmatic hernia
A hernia is caused by the protrusion of a viscus (in the case of groin hernias, an intra-abdominal organ) through a weakness in the abdominal wall. This weakness may be inherent, as in the case of inguinal,

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femoral, and umbilical hernias. On the other hand, the weakness may be caused by a previous surgical incision through the muscles and fascia in the area; this is termed an incisional hernia. Symptoms from a hiatal hernia may be improved by changes such as raising the head of the bed, weight loss, and adjusting eating habits. Medications that reduce gastric acid such as H2 blockers...

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